## DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH

## NOTICE OF PROPOSED RULEMAKING

The Director of the Department of Health, pursuant to the authority set forth under § 302(14) of the D.C. Health Occupations Revision Act of 1985, effective March 15, 1986 (D.C. Law 6-99; D.C. Official Code § 3-1203.02(14)), and Mayor's Order 98-140, dated August 20, 1998, hereby gives notice of his intent to take final rulemaking action to adopt the following amendments of Chapter 46 of the District of Columbia Municipal Regulations (DCMR) in not less than thirty (30) days from the date of publication of this notice in the <u>D.C. Register</u>. The purpose of the amendments is to clarify the educational and training requirements; simplify the application process by eliminating the requirement to provide proof of completing undergraduate science coursework; clarify rules for medical record retention and release; clarify the rules for practice by postgraduate physicians; provide for acceptance of credentialing services; and provide standards for using internet medicine.

Chapter 46 (Medicine) of Title 17 (Business, Occupations & Professions) (May 1990) is amended as follows:

#### Section 4600.3 is amended as follows:

- The Board shall only accept applications for licensure by one of the following means notwithstanding anything in chapter 40 to the contrary:
  - (a) National examination;
  - (b) Waiver of national examination;
  - (c) Reactivation of an inactive license;
  - (d) Reinstatement of an expired, suspended, or revoked license; or
  - (e) Eminence pursuant to D.C. Official Code § 3-1205.09a (2001).

## A new subsection 4600.9 is added to read as follows:

An applicant or licensee shall communicate with the Board through typed or legibly written documentation. Any applicant or licensee who fails to submit typed or legibly written documents, as determined by the Board, shall have those documents returned to him or her.

#### Section 4602.1 is amended as follows:

An applicant for licensure by examination educated in a foreign country other than Canada, shall furnish proof satisfactory to the Board that the applicant successfully completed educational and training requirements pursuant to § 4603.

#### Section 4602.2 is amended as follows:

- Pursuant to § 4602.1 and § 504(e) of the Act, D.C. Official Code § 3-1205.04(e) (2001) applicants shall meet the following requirements:
  - (a) Two years of premedical studies at an accredited institution; and
  - (b) The equivalent of four (4) years of instruction and training in an accredited medical school and receipt of a degree of Doctor of Medicine or Doctor of Osteopathy.

#### Section 4602.5 is amended as follows:

An applicant shall arrange for certified transcripts of the applicant's medical education records to be sent directly from the educational institutions to the Board or its designees.

## Section 4603.2 is repealed.

#### Section 4603.6 is amended as follows:

An applicant shall arrange for a certified transcript of the applicant's medical education record to be sent directly from the educational institution to the Board or its designees, except as provided by §4603.8.

#### Section 4605.13 is amended as follows:

- An applicant shall complete all remaining portions of the USMLE within seven
  - (7) years after passing Step 1 or Step 2 of the examination. However, the seven
  - (7) year time frame may be extended at the discretion of the Board.

## Section 4607.3 is amended as follows:

- The Board may approve continuing education program and activities for Category 1 credit, according to the following conditions:
  - (a) The programs and activities meet the requirements of §§ 4607.1 and 4607.2; and
  - (b) The programs and activities are through providers approved by:
    - (1) The Accreditation Council for Continuing Medical Education (ACCME);
    - (2) A state medical society; or
    - (3) A sponsoring organization or the American Osteopathic Association (AOA) that awards the program or activity with an American Medical Association Physicians Recognition Award (AMA/PRA).

## Section 4607.4 is repealed.

## Section 4611.4 is amended as follows:

A postgraduate physician may practice medicine in a clinical training program approved by the ACGME, or the Board if the graduate meets the following requirements:

## Section 4611.7 is amended as follows:

- A postgraduate physician may practice pursuant to this section for a maximum of five (5) years in a postgraduate clinical training program if the postgraduate physician has a valid agreement with the institution, organization, or agency sponsoring the clinical training program:
  - (a) The five (5) year period for graduates of U.S. and Canadian medical schools shall begin with the graduation from medical school; and
  - (b) The five (5) year period for graduates of foreign medical schools, other than Canadian medical schools, shall begin at the beginning of an approved U.S. postgraduate training program.

## Section 4611.8 is amended as follows:

A postgraduate physician shall obtain a license to practice medicine in the District after five (5) years or the completion of a postgraduate clinical training program, which ever comes first.

#### Section 4611.9 is amended as follows:

A student or a postgraduate physician shall identify himself or herself as such at all times when practicing medicine.

#### Section 4611.10 is amended as follows:

A student or postgraduate physician shall comply with the standards of conduct for a licensed physician set forth in § 4612.

#### Section 4611.11 is amended as follows:

A student or postgraduate physician may be disciplined for conduct that violates the Act or this chapter. The Board may deny an applicant a license, or take other disciplinary action against a student or postgraduate physician who is found to have violated the Act or this chapter, in accordance with Chapter 41 of this title.

#### Section 4611.12 is amended as follows:

4611.12 If the Board finds that a student or postgraduate physician has violated the Act or this chapter, the Board may, in addition to any other disciplinary action permitted by the Act, revoke, suspend, or restrict the privilege of the student or postgraduate physician to practice.

#### Section 4611.13 is amended as follows:

4611.13 For purposes of this section, "postgraduate physician" means a person who holds a degree in medicine or osteopathy, who is enrolled in a postgraduate clinical training program prior to licensure in any jurisdiction in the United States.

#### Section 4612.1 is amended as follows:

A licensed physician shall maintain a record for each patient that accurately reflects the evaluation and treatment of each patient, these records shall be kept for three (3) years after last seeing the patient, or three (3) years after a minor patient reaches eighteen (18) years of age.

#### Section 4612.2 is amended as follows:

- Subject to §§ 4612.3 and 4612.4, a licensed physician shall provide to a patient or the patient's representative a copy of the patient's medical record at the request of the patient or the patient's representative within 30 days of the request according to the following:
  - (a) A licensed physician may provide a summary report of the patient's medical record in lieu of copying the record if the patient consents.
  - (b) A licensed physician may charge a reasonable fee for duplicating records and the fee may be required prior to providing the records in non-emergency situations.

## Section 4612.8 is amended as follows:

A licensed physician shall conform to the prevailing standards of acceptable medical practice as determined by the Board or a peer review panel appointed by the Board.

## A new section 4613 is added to read as follows:

#### 4613 CREDENTIALING

- The Board may accept credentialing documentation from commercial or professional credentialing services that are certified as primary sources by the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Healthcare Organizations (JCAHO) or other organizations the Board approves in its discretion.
- Any credentialing organizations that desire to provide services to applicants shall be pre-approved by the Board.
- The Board may deny approval of any credentialing organizations through its discretion for the following reasons:
  - (a) The documents submitted for pre-approval are of poor quality;
  - (b) The organization has lost its certification as a primary source; and
  - (c) The Board is unable to verify the accuracy or authenticity of the credentials provided by the organization.

## A new section 4614 is added to read as follows:

## 4614 INTERNET USE IN MEDICAL PRACTICE

- A licensed physician may communicate with a patient through the use of the internet provided written policies and procedures are maintained by the physician to safeguard the patient's privacy which may include:
  - (a) The types of transactions that will be permitted electronically;
  - (b) Pertinent patient information to be contained in the communication, as well as types of patient information and medical records to be excluded from internet communication;
  - (c) The names of healthcare personnel who will process the messages; or
  - (d) Any quality oversight mechanisms.
- Security measures shall be in place and documented to assure confidentiality and integrity of identifiable patient information to prevent and detect unauthorized access, modification, or manipulation of patient records and electronic transmissions.
- A physician shall obtain a history and conduct a physical evaluation adequate to establish a diagnosis, and identify underlying conditions and contraindications to the treatment recommended prior to communicating with the patient electronically.
- A physician shall provide information to educate the patient on internet communication within the physician's practice. The physician shall obtain material and informed consent from the patient to collect, share, or use the patient's personal data.
- Physician-patient e-mail and other electronic communications related to the ongoing care of the patient shall be maintained as part of the patient's medical record, whether the record is paper or electronic.
- Patient medical records shall remain current and accessible for review and be maintained in compliance with HIPAA, and other federal and District laws.
- E-mail systems shall include an automatic reply to acknowledge message delivery and that the message has been read. Patients shall be encouraged to confirm receipt of communications.

## 4699 **DEFINITIONS**

#### Section 4699.1 is amended as follows:

The following terms with the ascribed meanings are added as follows:

HIPAA- The Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act.

Practice of medicine – the application of scientific principles to prevent, diagnose and treat physical and mental diseases, disorders and conditions and to safeguard the life and health of any woman and infant through pregnancy and parturition. The practice of medicine includes, in addition to patient care:

- (a) Administrative medicine in which decisions are made relative to medical practice or the appropriateness or necessity of medical care or procedures;
- (b) Testimony in judicial or administrative proceedings; and
- (c) Teaching in a clinical setting.

All persons wishing to comment on the proposed rulemaking shall submit written comments no later than thirty (30) days after the date of publication of this notice in the <u>D.C. Register</u> to the Department of Health, Office of the General Counsel, 825 North Capitol Street, N.E., 4<sup>th</sup> Floor, Washington, D.C. 20002. Copies of the proposed rules may be obtained between the hours of 9:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m., Monday through Friday, excluding holidays, at the address listed above.

## DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH

## **NOTICE OF PROPOSED RULEMAKING**

The Interim Director of the Department of Health, pursuant to the authority set forth under § 302 (14) of the District of Columbia Health Occupation Revision Act of 1985, effective March 25, 1986 (D.C. Law 6-99; D.C. Official Code § 3-1203.02 (14)) ("Act"), and Mayor's Order 98-140, dated August 20, 1998, gives notice of his intent to amend chapter 60 of Title 17 of the District of Columbia Municipal Regulations (DCMR). The purpose of the proposed amendment is to require applicants for certification to practice as a clinical nurse specialist in the District of Columbia to submit evidence of completion of a pharmacology and clinical management of drug therapy course or pharmacotherapeutics course. Final rulemaking action to adopt this amendment shall be taken in not less than thirty (30) days from the date of publication of this notice in the <u>D.C. Register</u>.

## The following rulemaking action is proposed:

17 DCMR Chapter 60, CLINICAL NURSE SPECIALIST, is amended as follows:

## Section 6005.1 is amended to read as follows:

- In addition to the requirements in § 6001 and § 6004, to qualify for a certificate to practice as a clinical nurse specialist in the District of Columbia, an applicant shall:
  - (a) Be currently certified as a clinical nurse specialist by the American Nurses Credentialing Center (ANCC) or any nationally recognized certifying body accepted by the Board; and
  - (b) Submit evidence indicating satisfactory completion of at least a three (3) credit hour pharmacology and clinical management of drug therapy or pharmacotherapeutics course, or completion of at least a thirty (30) contact hour pharmacology and clinical management of drug therapeutics course or pharmacotherapeutics course within the last five (5) years as it relates to the clinical nurse specialists' scope of practice.

All persons desiring to comment on the subject matter of this proposed rulemaking action shall submit written comments, not later than thirty (30) days after the date of publication of this notice in the <u>D.C. Register</u>, to the Department of Health, Office of the General Counsel, 825 North Capitol Street, N.E., 4<sup>th</sup> Floor, Washington, D.C. 20002. Copies of the proposed rules may be obtained between the hours of 9:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m. at the address listed above.

# DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA DEPARTMENT OF INSURANCE, SECURITIES AND BANKING

## NOTICE OF PROPOSED RULEMAKING

The Commissioner of the Department of Insurance, Securities and Banking ("the Department"), pursuant to the authority set forth in section 12(f) of the Compulsory/No-Fault Motor Vehicle Insurance Act of 1982, effective September 18, 1982 (D.C. Law 4-155; D.C. Official Code § 31-2411(f) (2001)), hereby gives notice of his intent to adopt the following amendments to be included in Title 26 of the District of Columbia Municipal Regulations ("DCMR"), in not less than thirty (30) days from the date of publication of this notice in the D.C. Register. The purpose of the amendment is to repeal the rules in Title 26, chapter 6, DCMR, and discontinue the District of Columbia Automobile Insurance Plan's ("the Plan") practice of publishing its Constitution and Plan of Operation in the DCMR. The amendment will also amend Chapter 6 to require the Plan to maintain these documents at its headquarters and make them available to the public upon request. This notwithstanding, the Department, pursuant to D.C. Official Code §§ 31-1401 et seq., 31-2401 et seq., and 31-2701 et seq., inter alia, will retain the authority to regulate the Plan on such issues that include, but are not limited to, approving amendments to the Plan's Constitution and Plan of Operation, approving rates and forms, and inspecting books and records.

## TITLE 26, CHAPTER 6, DCMR IS AMENDED AS FOLLOWS:

Chapter 6 is repealed and amended to read as follows:

600

The District of Columbia Automobile Insurance Plan ("the Plan") shall keep its Constitution and Plan of Operation on file at the Plan's headquarters and make copies of these documents available to members of the public upon request. Individuals desiring copies of the Plan's Constitution and Plan of Operation may contact the Plan directly at:

4501 Highwoods Parkway, Suite 230 P.O. Box 4830 Glen Allen, VA 23058-4830 (804) 217-9990 (804) 217-9950 Fax

Persons desiring to comment on the proposed rulemaking should submit their comments in writing not later than thirty (30) days after the date of publication of this notice in the <u>D.C. Register</u>. Comments should be addressed to Leslie Johnson, Hearing Officer, Department of Insurance, Securities and Banking, 810 First Street, N.E., Room 701, Washington, DC 20002. Copies of the proposed rules may be obtained from the Department at this address.

## DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AND REGULATORY AFFAIRS

## NOTICE OF EMERGENCY AND PROPOSED RULEMAKING

## TITLE 16 DCMR, CHAPTER 4 TOWING SERVICE FOR MOTOR VEHICLES

The Director of the Department of Consumer and Regulatory Affairs (DCRA), pursuant to the authority set forth in D.C. Official Code § 47-2851.01 et seq. (2001), Section 2 of the Towing Regulation and Enforcement Authority Emergency Act of 2004, effective October 26, 2004 (D.C. Act 15-554), and Mayor's Order 2003-78, dated June 26, 2003, hereby gives notice of the adoption, on an emergency basis, of a new Chapter 4 of Title 16 of the District of Columbia Municipal Regulations (DCMR). These emergency rules establish: (1) licensing procedures for towing service providers, (2) rules pertaining to public tows and private tows, (3) requirements for tow truck equipment and markings, (4) prohibited acts, and (5) penalty and enforcement measures and procedures.

On December 2, 2003, the Council of the District of Columbia (Council) passed the Towing Regulation and Enforcement Authority Temporary Act of 2003 (Temporary Act), effective March 10, 2004 (D.C. Law 15-093; 51 DCR 11). Pursuant thereto, Public Notice of Consolidated Final Rulemaking for Title 16 DCMR, Chapter 4 - Towing Service For Motor Vehicles was published in the D.C. Register on June 18, 2004 (51 DCR 6255). However, prior to the enactment of the Towing Regulation and Enforcement Authority Emergency Act of 2004, effective October 26, 2004 (D.C. Act 15-554), the Temporary Act expired, necessitating the re-promulgation of the District of Columbia towing regulations.

Emergency rulemaking is necessary to immediately reinstate the towing regulations, as approved by the Council on March 18, 2003 and February 3, 2004, and provide for the issuance of notices of infractions and enforcement of the towing regulations. The adoption of this emergency rulemaking allows the public to receive immediate benefits of enforceable towing regulations. This emergency rulemaking was adopted October 27, 2004 and became effective on that date. This emergency rulemaking will expire February 25, 2005, or upon publication of final rulemaking in the D.C. Register, whichever occurs first.

Pursuant to Section 2 of the Towing Regulation and Enforcement Authority Emergency Act of 2004, this emergency and proposed rulemaking is transmitted to the Council for a forty-five 45-day period of review. The proposed rules will become effective in not less than thirty (30) days from the publication in the *D.C. Register*, or upon approval by the Council by resolution, whichever occurs later, and publication of the final rules in the *D.C. Register*. If the Council does not approve or disapprove the proposed rules, in whole or in part, within the forty-five (45) day period, the proposed rules shall be deemed disapproved.

Title 16 DCMR (Consumers, Commercial Practices & Civil Infractions) (July 1998), Chapter 4, reads as follows:

## **Chapter 4 Towing Service for Motor Vehicles**

Secs. 400

General Provisions

#### DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA REGISTER

401	Inspections Authorized
402	Licenses Required for Towing Businesses and Towing Service Storage Lots
403	Tow Truck Licenses
404	Required Tow Truck Equipment and Markings
405	Towing Service Storage Lot Requirements
406	Public Tows
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408	Payment for Services
409	Itemized Statements and Receipts
410	Prohibited Acts
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412	Licensing Fees
413 - 498	[Reserved] ·
499	Definitions

## 400 GENERAL PROVISIONS

## **400.1** [RESERVED]

- Except as provided herein, the provisions of this chapter shall apply to every person and entity that provides, or offers to provide, towing services within the District of Columbia, and shall apply to every person and entity that provides, or offers to provide, storage facilities for towed vehicles.
- The provisions of this chapter shall not apply to the towing of vehicles by the government agency that owns or controls them.
- The provisions of this chapter shall not apply to the towing of vehicles by any tow truck owned or operated by an entity or agency of the federal government or the District of Columbia Government.
- The provisions of this chapter shall not apply to the towing of vehicles by tow trucks owned by the person or entity that owns the towed vehicles, where the tow trucks are used only to tow the tow truck owner's own vehicles and tow services are not offered to the public.
- The provisions of this chapter shall not apply to: vehicles towed into or through the District of Columbia if the tow originates in another jurisdiction and the tow truck is licensed in that other jurisdiction, or to tow trucks registered in another jurisdiction responding to a call from the owner or operator for the removal of a motor vehicle from the District into another jurisdiction, provided that the tow truck is not equipped with a radio receiver capable of being tuned to the Metropolitan Police Radio wave lengths or frequencies.
- Nothing contained in this chapter shall preclude any entity of the Government of the District of Columbia from establishing policies and procedures governing the towing of vehicles by or for that entity, provided that such additional policies and procedures are consistent with the provisions of this chapter.

400.8 Upon demand by the owner or operator of a towed vehicle, a towing business shall provide the name, address, and current telephone number of the towing business's insurance carrier, and the account number of the insurance policy.

#### 401 INSPECTIONS AUTHORIZED

- The Department of Consumer and Regulatory Affairs (DCRA) and other authorized government officials shall have authority to inspect towing businesses and towing service storage lots to determine compliance with these regulations. All violations discovered during inspections shall be reported to the Director, who may fine, suspend, or revoke the licenses of towing businesses, tow trucks, or towing service storage lots in accordance with this chapter.
- Before licensing a towing business, a tow truck, or a towing service storage lot, and at any time while a license or endorsement is in effect, a towing-related business shall permit the Director and other authorized government officials or their agents to inspect towing equipment, tow trucks, towing service storage lots, and any logs or documents related to towing services initiated within the District of Columbia.
- To ensure compliance with these regulations, towing service storage lots shall be subject to periodic and random unannounced inspections by officials of DCRA, and officials of other government agencies authorized to inspect towing-related businesses and vehicles in the District of Columbia.
- No person shall interfere with an inspection authorized under this section.
- Copies of all documents, including any Notices of Infraction, computerized data, electronic records, and log book entries regarding the towing or impounding of a vehicle by a towing business or towing service storage lot shall be maintained at the primary location of the towing business indicated on the application submitted in accordance with §402, for a period of not less than three (3) years. An owner, tow truck operator, or other employee of the towing business or towing services storage lot shall surrender or arrange the surrender of such records upon lawful demand by the Director, or his/her designated agent, or other authorized government official, within one (1) hour of the time of such demand.
- After demand has been made for records pertaining to any particular transaction, no record may be created and submitted as evidence or explanation of any towing service that had already been provided, except as may be required by an authorized government official during legal proceedings.

# 402 LICENSES REQUIRED FOR TOWING BUSINESSES AND TOWING SERVICE STORAGE LOTS

No person or entity may own or operate a towing business without having first obtained a Basic Business License and a Basic Business License Endorsement for a Towing Business as required by DC Official Code 47-2851.01 et seq. (2001).

- No person or entity may own or operate a towing service storage lot without having first obtained a Basic Business License and a Basic Business License Endorsement for a Towing Service Storage Lot as required by DC Official Code 47-2851.01 et seq. (2001).
- Each person or entity making application for a Basic Business License Endorsement for a Towing Business shall submit relevant information requested by the Director, in a form and manner specified by the Director, which information shall include the following:
  - (a) The trade name, primary location of business, and primary phone number of the towing business;
  - (b) A list of all other locations from which the towing business will operate, and the phone numbers for such locations;
  - (c) The name, address, and telephone number of each person or entity with an ownership interest in the towing business or towing service storage lot;
  - (d) The primary storage location, year, make, model, Vehicle Identification Number (VIN), and license plate number of each tow truck that will be used by the towing business;
  - (e) A list which includes the name, address, date of birth, driver's license number, and Social Security number of all tow truck operators, employees, agents, and contractors who will be involved in the towing business;
  - (f) The location and description of the towing service storage lot to be used for the storage of towed vehicles, together with a copy of a deed, lease, contract, or other proof of the right to use the space as a vehicle storage lot, a copy of the Site plan or DC Surveyor's Plat, and a copy of a valid Certificate of Occupancy permit for that use and location;
  - (g) Proof of current insurance coverage in the form of an all-risk or public liability insurance policy of at least \$750,000.00 that remains in effect or is renewable for the duration of the license period. A new certificate of insurance shall be provided whenever the coverage is changed, amended, renewed, canceled, or re-written;
  - (h) A surety bond in the minimum amount of \$25,000.00;
  - (i) Two copies of the billing form that the towing business proposes to use, which reflects current rates for private tows and storage services, trade name(s), business address(es) and business phone number(s).
  - (j) A completed Basic Business License application;

- (k) A Certificate of Occupancy for the location of the business, if the business is not located on the same premises as the towing service storage lot;
- (1) A Clean Hands Before Receiving License or Permit Act of 1996 certification form as required by DC Official Code 47-2861 et seq. (2001); and
- (m) Certification that the business is registered with the Office of Tax and Revenue.
- Each person or entity making application for a Basic Business License Endorsement for a Towing Service Storage Lot shall submit relevant information requested by the Director, in a form and manner specified by the Director, which information shall include the following:
  - (a) The trade name, primary location of business, and primary phone number of the towing service storage lot;
  - (b) A list of all other locations from which the towing service storage lot owner/operator will operate, and the phone numbers for such locations;
  - (c) Any discontinuance of the availability of the towing service storage lot to the licensee during the license period shall be reported in writing to the Director at least ten (10) days prior to the expiration of the availability.
  - (d) The towing business's license shall be suspended during any period of unavailability of the towing service storage lot; and
  - (e) Proof of a current Garage Keeper's Legal Liability Insurance Policy of at least \$50,000.00 which remains in effect or is renewable for the duration of the license period. A new certificate of insurance shall be provided whenever the coverage is changed, amended, renewed, canceled, or re-written.
- The Basic Business License, the Basic Business License Endorsement for a Towing Business, and the Basic Business License Endorsement for a Towing Service Storage Lot shall be valid for two (2) years from the date of issue, unless earlier revoked or voluntarily relinquished, as provided by DC Official Code 47-2851.09 (2001).
- Any changes (additions or deletions) to information provided in an application for a license or endorsement shall be provided to DCRA within fourteen (14) days of the date of the change in a manner specified by the Director.
- All persons with financial interests in towing businesses or towing service storage lots shall be identified on the applications for licenses and endorsements under these regulations, and shall be subject to all provisions of this chapter and the Business and Professional Licensing Administration of the DCRA.
- No person may operate a tow truck, or own or operate a towing business or towing service storage lot, who has been convicted within the preceding five (5) years of a misdemeanor or felony, the elements of which involve motor vehicle theft or fraud,

including but not limited to; tampering with auto, attempted unauthorized use of a vehicle and taking property without right.

Before approving any application for a license or endorsement to own or operate a towing business or towing service storage lot, the Director is authorized to conduct any investigation which the Director deems necessary to determine the applicant's qualification to own or operate a towing business or towing service storage lot without detriment to the public. The Director's investigation may include, but shall not be limited to, inquiries into driving and criminal records.

#### 403 TOW TRUCK LICENSES

- No person may operate or use any tow truck in a towing business unless such tow truck has been identified in the application (or amended application) for the Basic Business License Endorsement for such towing business, and unless the Director has inspected, approved, and authorized issuance of a DCRA unique alphanumeric identifier for such tow truck.
- 403.2 Upon approval by the Director of an application, and the payment of the prescribed fees, the Director shall issue a license authorizing the operation of each tow truck identified or described in the application.
- No tow truck may be licensed unless it bears a valid inspection sticker and valid registration issued by the District of Columbia Department of Motor Vehicles.
- The license shall be affixed and prominently displayed on the tow truck, in a location specified by the Director.
- In case of loss, mutilation, or destruction of a license, the Director may issue a duplicate upon proof of the fact of loss and payment of the prescribed fees. A police report shall constitute proof of such loss.

## 404 REQUIRED TOW TRUCK EQUIPMENT AND MARKINGS

- A towing business shall have available for its exclusive use a minimum of one (1) fully equipped and licensed tow truck.
- The trade name, primary location of business and primary phone number of the towing business shall appear on both doors of the cab of the tow truck in contrasting paint or vinyl lettering not less than 3" in height.
- The minimum and maximum private towing and storage fees charged by the towing business shall appear on both sides of the tow truck in contrasting paint or vinyl lettering not less than 2" in height.

- The unique alphanumeric identifier issued by DCRA to each tow truck shall appear on both sides of the tow truck in contrasting paint or vinyl lettering not less than 1" in height.
- Each tow truck shall be equipped with a two-way communication system capable of transmitting and receiving messages between the towing business's office and the tow truck anywhere in the District of Columbia. The towing business shall have all permits and licenses required by District of Columbia and Federal law to operate the communications system.
- Each flat-bed tow truck shall have four (4) safety tie-down devices, chains, or straps in any combination. Chains used for light-duty tows (i.e., vehicles with a gross vehicle weight less than 4,000 pounds) shall be "grade 7" high-test chains, a minimum of 5/16" in diameter. Straps shall be 2" webbing with an 8,000 pound-per-linear-inch rating. Chains and straps shall be equipped with a "transportation cluster." Straps shall have a ratchet device.
- If a tow truck is engaged in recovery, it shall have at least one (1) recovery chain of a minimum of "grade 8" alloy, which is a minimum of 5/16" in diameter. In addition, it shall have two (2) four-ton (manufacturer-stamped) snatch blocks with one 4" pulley equipped with locking devices.
- Each crane tow truck shall have at least a retracted boom, rated at four-tons, with one four-ton winch equipped with a minimum of 75 feet of 3/8" wire rope. The cable must be able to support a load equal to or greater than the capacity of the winch. The boom must be able to support a load equal to or greater than the capacity of the winch or winches. Industry standards require a swage and thimble to be used when the wire rope is terminated with a fixed hook. A clip may only be used for an emergency repair. Each crane tow truck shall have dollies with securing devices.
- Each wheel lift tow truck shall have a minimum capacity of 3500 pounds. This standard applies whether wheel lift is on a stand-alone towing vehicle or is in combination with a crane tow truck or flat bed tow truck. In addition, each wheel lift tow truck shall have straps which have 2" webbing with an 8,000 pound-per-linear-inch rating. Chains and straps shall be equipped with a "transportation cluster." Straps shall have a ratchet device.
- All tow trucks shall have the following equipment, in good working order:
  - (a) One (1) all-purpose 5-pound fire extinguisher (rated 5ABC or better);
  - (b) One (1) set of wheel blocks;
  - (c) A minimum of two (2) gallons of commercial absorbent to be used as a quick cover up for minor oil/gasoline spills;
  - (d) An air compressor and/or portable air tank equipped with hose and tire chuck for tire inflation;

- (e) A minimum of two (2) red flags not less than 12" x 12" in size;
- (f) Two (2) portable red reflectors and two (2) red flares;
- (g) A set of tools which includes a set of screwdrivers, a wrecking bar, a working flashlight, a set of lug wrenches, a jack, jumper cables, and a first-aid kit; and
- (h) At least one (1) of each of the following: broom, shovel, waste container, and axe.
- It shall be unlawful for a tow truck operator to tow a vehicle without properly using equipment that meets the manufacturer's minimum specifications for the towing of a specified vehicle.

## 405 TOWING SERVICE STORAGE LOT REQUIREMENTS

- A towing service storage lot shall be located on a secured lot in the District of Columbia, with appropriate and descriptive signage, and be in full compliance with all District of Columbia laws, regulations, including zoning regulations.
- The towing service storage lot operator shall maintain a log of all vehicles towed to and from its location. The operator shall maintain the log and make it available for inspection as follows:
  - (a) It shall be available to DCRA investigators and other authorized government officials whenever the lot is open for business and at other reasonable times during regular business hours;
  - (b) It shall record the receipt and release of every vehicle towed to or from the lot, and for each vehicle shall include identification of the towing business responsible for the tow, the vehicle identification number (VIN), the make, model, year, color, license state, and tag number of the stored vehicle, the owner of the vehicle (if known), and, if a public tow, shall include the Department of Public Works (DPW) towing control number;
  - (c) It shall also record the date and time the vehicle arrived at the towing service storage lot, a description of any damage to the vehicle upon its arrival, the date and time of removal from the lot, a description of any damage to the vehicle upon its removal, and the person or entity to whom the vehicle was released; and
  - (d) It shall be maintained and available for inspection for three (3) years after the date of the last entry.
- Prior to releasing a public tow vehicle, the operator of a storage lot shall contact the DPW Towing Control Center by telephone and report the date and time of the scheduled release, the condition of the vehicle, and to whom the vehicle is to be released.

- The holder of a Basic Business License Endorsement for a Towing Service Storage Lot shall apportion the lot into storage lot sections and clearly identify or designate the towing business responsible for each apportioned section.
- When a towing service storage lot is used by more than one towing business, the holder of a Basic Business License Endorsement for a Towing Service Storage Lot shall clearly designate individual storage spaces for each vehicle and shall clearly identify the towing business assigned to each space.
- The holder of a Basic Business License Endorsement for a Towing Service Storage Lot shall employ reasonable procedures and requirements to insure that vehicles are released to rightful owners or other authorized individuals.
- A printed "Owner's Bill of Rights for Towed Vehicles" statement, issued by the Director, shall be given to the vehicle owner or operator by the tow truck operator before initiating the tow, if either the vehicle owner or operator is on the scene of the tow. The holder of a Basic Business License Endorsement for a Towing Service Storage Lot shall conspicuously post, at each towing service storage lot, the Owner's Bill of Rights for Towed Vehicles statement and, upon release of the vehicle, shall provide a copy of this statement to the person to whom the vehicle is released.

## 406 PUBLIC TOWS

- All public tows will be requested by government officials through DPW in accordance with its published central tow ordering and dispatching procedures. Any towing business to be used by the District government to conduct public tows must be licensed in accordance with these regulations, and must agree to the rules established by DPW under its central tow ordering and dispatching procedures.
- When a public tow is required, the owner of the vehicle shall be responsible for all charges associated with towing and storing the vehicle, except as may otherwise be provided in this chapter.
- No public tow shall be conducted in the District of Columbia until DPW has issued a towing control number for that tow, except in the case of an emergency as set forth in §406.5. After receiving a towing control number from DPW, the tow truck operator shall place the towing control number on the vehicle to be towed in a manner prescribed by DPW. The towing control number shall be used on all documents related to the tow.
- Before initiating a public tow from private real property, or a public tow at the direction of a government entity, a towing business shall provide the following information to DPW, in a manner prescribed by DPW:
  - (a) The name of the tow truck operator, the name of the towing business and the crane number;

- (b) The make, model, year, color, license state, and tag number of the vehicle to be towed;
- (c) The VIN of the vehicle to be towed;
- (d) The name, address, and phone number of the person requesting the tow, and the governmental authority of the person requesting the tow (e.g., police officer, parking enforcement official, etc.) if the tow is requested by a government entity;
- (e) The reason for towing the vehicle, including the ticket number and violation cited by the governmental authority, if any;
- (f) The current location of the vehicle;
- (g) The nature and location of any damage to the vehicle;
- (h) The address of the place where the vehicle will be towed; and
- (i) The address, in the District of Columbia, where the vehicle can be reclaimed.
- In an emergency, a police officer may direct a tow truck operator to tow a vehicle before the towing business provides all of the information required by §406.4 In those instances, the information required by §406.4 shall be furnished and a towing control number obtained as soon thereafter as practicable, but in no event more than two (2) hours after the vehicle has been towed.
- When a vehicle is involved in an accident, a public tow of the vehicle shall be ordered if necessary in the judgment of the governmental authority at the scene of the accident.
- No vehicle may be towed from private real property, without the consent of the owner of the vehicle, unless that vehicle has been issued a citation by a police officer or parking enforcement official or at the direction of a police officer in an emergency. Under such circumstances, the owner of the vehicle shall be responsible for all charges associated with towing and storing the vehicle. All public tows from private real property shall be conducted in compliance with the provisions of D.C. Official Code §§50-2621 through 50-2624 (2001), which govern the disposition of vehicles left on private property in the District of Columbia.
- Any loss or damage sustained by a vehicle as the result of a public tow by a towing business shall be the sole and entire responsibility of the towing business and not the Government of the District of Columbia, any department or agency thereof, or any government official who requested the tow. The towing business shall assume all liability for the vehicle and the property inside the vehicle, from the point of hook-up until the vehicle is released to its owner or authorized representative. The towing business shall take all precautions necessary to protect persons or property against injury or damage, and shall provide personnel sufficiently trained and capable to

perform tows in accordance with the vehicle manufacturer's directions for towing a particular vehicle.

- When an authorized government official directs the towing of a vehicle to a towing service storage lot, the government official shall notify the vehicle owner of record in accordance with DPW procedures, of the tow and storage, the storage location of the vehicle, and all other information required to be given under applicable District law.
- When a vehicle is towed as a public tow, the government shall notify the vehicle owner of record, in a manner prescribed by DPW, of the tow and storage, the storage location of the vehicle, and all other information required to be given under applicable District law.

## 407 PRIVATE TOWS

- A private tow shall not be subject to the requirements of §406, but shall be subject to all other sections of these regulations.
- Before a towing business may undertake the private tow of a vehicle in the District of Columbia, the towing business must obtain written consent for the tow from the owner, lien holder, owner's agent, or operator of the vehicle.

## 408 PAYMENT FOR SERVICES

- The maximum rates that may be charged for all public tows initiated within the District of Columbia, and for all other services, including vehicle storage charges, related to public tows shall be as follows:
  - (a) \$50 for providing Road Service for all vehicles, including all services provided to restore and or maintain operation of a vehicle, including services such as repairing tires, recharging batteries, and delivering gasoline;
  - (b) For Standard Towing Services, which apply to any passenger vehicle or any other vehicle with a Gross Vehicle Weight of 8,000 pounds, or less:
    - (1) \$100.00 for Preparation, hoist, and tow to location within the District (Roll-back or wheel lift use of dollies included);
    - (2) \$3.00 for Towing charge per mile for each mile beyond the District line (at owner's request); and
    - (3) \$20.00 for Storage, per 24-hour period, or part thereof.
  - (c) For Heavy-Duty Towing, which applies to any vehicle with a Gross Vehicle Weight over 8,000 pounds:

- (1) \$275.00 for Preparation, hoist, and tow to a location within the District (Rollback or wheel lift use of dollies included);
- (2) \$6.00 for Towing charge per mile beyond the District line (at owner's request); and
- (3) \$20.00 for Storage per 24-hour period, or part thereof.
- (d) \$50.00 for Discontinuance Fee ("Drop Fee") that is charged when the operator of a vehicle that is to be towed asks that the tow be discontinued and the police officer or other official who requested the tow agrees to discontinue the tow, in accordance with 16 DCMR 408.6.
- No rates charged by a towing business for private tows may exceed the rates set forth in the towing business's Basic Business License Endorsement application (including amendments thereto).
- The holder of a Basic Business License for a Towing Business may collect extra charges on-site for the use of cranes, winches, dollies, or other equipment or services to perform a public tow under extraordinary circumstances or for the restoration or cleaning of an accident site. Within 72 hours after collecting extra charges, the towing business must submit documentary evidence of the extraordinary circumstances to the Director along with a written request for approval of the charges. The Director shall provide a written response within 14 calendar days of receipt of the request for approval. If the Director does not approve extra charges, the licensee of a towing business must provide a refund to the customer in the amount of the disapproved charges within 72 hours of receipt of the Director's notice of disapproval.
- Storage charges may accrue for any day that the facility is closed to the public so long as the facility is open for the reclaiming of vehicles for at least ten (10) hours per day, Monday through Friday, during normal business hours, and for at least five (5) hours a day, during normal business hours, on either Saturday or Sunday.
- If a tow truck responds to a dispatch, and the police officer or other official who requested the public tow determines that services are no longer required, no charge shall be made by the towing business or service, except as may be authorized by a contract with a government agency. If a towing control number has been issued, the towing business shall notify the DPW Towing Control Center by telephone.
- 408.6 If a tow truck has applied chains, a dolly, a winch, or other towing device to prepare a vehicle for public tow, and the owner or operator of the vehicle appears and asks that the tow be discontinued, upon concurrence by the police officer or other official who requested the tow (if present), the tow truck operator shall comply, upon payment by the vehicle owner or operator of the rates established for a discontinued public tow. If a towing control number has been issued, the towing business shall promptly notify the DPW Towing Control Center by telephone.
- 408.7 Unless a towing service storage lot has been notified by a governmental official that a stored vehicle is to be held for evidentiary or other legally permissible purposes, the

towing service storage lot shall promptly release the vehicle to the owner or the owner's agent when presented with proof of personal identity and ownership or authorization to reclaim the vehicle, and upon payment of all towing and storage charges due.

- Towing businesses and towing services storage lots shall accept as payment for public towing and storage charges, cash, insurance draft, certified check, bank check, money order, and at least two (2) of the most widely-used, nationally recognized credit cards.
- The owner or operator of the towing service storage lot shall provide to the person to whom the vehicle is released the following:
  - (a) The towing control number;
  - (b) The Notice of Infraction or other legal authority for removal of the car;
  - (c) An itemized statement of the charges due;
  - (d) A receipt for all monies paid; and
  - (e) A copy of the Owner's Bill of Rights for Towed Vehicles.
- No repair work shall be done on any vehicle ordered moved by a government official unless the owner of the vehicle or the owner's authorized agent specifically authorizes repair work in writing.
- Written authorization for repair work to any vehicle ordered moved by a government official shall be made on a separate form which clearly indicates that the form authorizes repair work. The form shall not contain any text in a font size smaller than 10 points.
- Not less than one year after publication of this final rulemaking, the schedule of maximum rates will be reviewed upon written request, which includes a cost justification, for consideration by the Director. Subsequent written requests for review of the schedule of maximum rates will be considered not less than 24 months after a prior rate review.
- After considering a request for review of the schedule of maximum rates, the Director, in consultation with the DPW Director, shall determine if the schedule of maximum rates should be changed.

## 409 ITEMIZED STATEMENTS AND RECEIPTS

Before commencing a private tow, the tow truck operator shall furnish to the owner or operator of the vehicle to be towed a signed and itemized estimate of charges for the tow and other services to be rendered, on a form approved by the Director. The owner or operator of the vehicle shall sign the form before commencement of the tow.

- Each itemized estimate of charges, as prescribed in §409.1, shall contain the following:
  - (a) The location from which and to which the vehicle is to be towed;
  - (b) The name and address of the towing business and the name of the tow truck operator;
  - (c) If available, the name and address of the owner or operator of the vehicle to be towed;
  - (d) A brief description of the vehicle to be towed;
  - (e) The license plate number and state of registration of the vehicle to be towed;
  - (f) An itemized estimate of fees to be charged for towing services;
  - (g) The maximum rate charged per 24 hour period or part thereof, for the storage of the towed vehicle, and a statement that the 24 hour period shall start when the vehicle enters the towing service storage lot; and
  - (h) The location of the towing service storage lot or repair facility to which the vehicle will be towed.
- After rendering the towing and related services, the tow truck operator shall enter upon the itemized statement the actual amount paid for services rendered, and shall sign the statement to acknowledge receipt of payment.
- A copy of each statement and receipt submitted by a tow truck operator in accordance with the requirements of this section shall be retained by the towing business for three (3) years from the date of issuance, and shall be exhibited upon demand to the Chief of Police or the Director or their agents.
- The direction to tow by an authorized official, in accordance with any section of these regulations, shall not constitute an agreement on his/her behalf, or on behalf of the agency for which he/she works, to pay any charges in connection with the tow, but shall constitute only an authorization to remove the motor vehicle.
- The owner of a towed vehicle shall be responsible for paying all charges for a public tow, and all related towing services charges, in an amount not to exceed the charges authorized by the Director pursuant to §408.1.
- Payment of all lawful towing and storage charges shall be made by the owner of the vehicle, an agent of the owner, or the insurer of the vehicle before the vehicle is released by the towing business, the tow truck operator, or towing service storage lot operator.

## 410 PROHIBITED ACTS

- It shall be unlawful for any person or entity to offer, solicit, or engage in the towing business or to operate a towing service storage lot without holding a valid, current license or endorsement required by these regulations.
- It shall be unlawful for any person or entity conducting a towing business, or for any person acting on his/her behalf, to represent falsely, either expressly or by implication, that the towing business represents, or is approved by, any private organization which provides emergency road service for disabled motor vehicles.
- In any accident case requiring a report to the police, it shall be unlawful for a tow truck operator to move a vehicle involved in that accident from the position in which the vehicle came to rest after the accident until authorized to do so by a police officer, except in life threatening situations, or to the extent necessary to free person(s) who may be trapped in or by the vehicle.
- It shall be unlawful for any person or entity conducting a towing business, or any agent for such person or entity, to require an owner/operator of a motor vehicle involved in an accident or breakdown, to sign an agreement for repair work as a condition to providing towing service for the vehicle.
- It shall be unlawful for a tow truck operator to use any public space for the accommodation of a vehicle removed from the scene of an accident or breakdown, except as the use of that public space may be directed by a police officer.
- It shall be unlawful for any person or entity conducting a towing business, and for any person acting on his/her behalf, to charge more than one (1) towing fee when the owner/operator of a disabled vehicle requests transport of the vehicle to a repair facility owned or operated by the person or entity conducting the tow.
- Tow truck operators shall not tow vehicles to a repair facility unless the owner or the owner's designated representative gives written consent before removal of the vehicle.
- It shall be unlawful for any towing business owner or tow truck operator, and any person acting on his/her behalf, to install or maintain in a tow truck or in any other place, a radio receiver capable of being tuned to the MPD radio frequencies.
- It shall be unlawful for any tow truck operator to stop at the scene of any accident and furnish any towing service, unless he or she has been called to the scene by the owner/operator of a disabled vehicle or authorized by DPW to provide such service at that accident scene.
- It shall be unlawful for a tow truck operator to deposit upon public space a vehicle that is inoperable or in a state of disrepair, except temporarily and for emergency purposes at the direction of a police officer or other authorized official. It shall also be unlawful for a tow truck operator to deposit such vehicles upon private property except with the express permission of the owner of such property.

- No towing service provider may refuse to provide to the owner or owner's agent, an itemized receipt for all lawful charges made in connection with the towing and storage of a vehicle.
- It shall be unlawful for towing service providers to charge more for public tows than is permitted by the Director.
- Prior to payment of fees and release of a vehicle, no towing service provider may refuse the right of physical inspection of the towed vehicle when requested by the owner, an authorized agent of the owner, the lien holder, or the insurer of the vehicle.
- No person shall refuse to surrender to DCRA upon lawful demand, any license or endorsement that has been suspended, revoked, or canceled.
- Failure to notify the DPW and obtain a towing control number before initiating a public tow in the District of Columbia shall be a violation of these regulations, except as provided in §406.5.
- No towing service provider shall permit any unlawful use of a towing license or endorsement. Any act or omission by a person acting on behalf of a licensed or endorsed towing business, tow truck operator, or towing service storage lot, may be considered the act or omission of the licensed or endorsed person or entity, which act or omission, if in violation of this chapter, shall be cause for denial, suspension or revocation of a license or endorsement.
- It shall be unlawful for any tow truck operator to tow any type of vehicle in a manner that is not in accordance with the vehicle manufacturer's instructions for the vehicle. In addition, it shall be unlawful for any tow company to utilize any tow truck or equipment in a manner that is not in accordance with the tow crane manufacturer's instructions for towing vehicles.
- It shall be unlawful for any towing business or tow truck operator to tow vehicles in the District of Columbia without current insurance coverage in the form of an all-risk or public liability insurance policy of at least \$750,000.00.
- It shall be unlawful for any towing business to refuse to provide a refund to customers within 72 hours of receipt of the Director's notice of disapproval, when charges described in 408.3 are not approved by the Director.

## 411 PENALTIES AND ENFORCEMENT

DCRA shall be responsible for the enforcement of regulations regarding towing businesses and towing service storage lots. Authorized officials of other government agencies may conduct inspections and issue citations for violations or refer them to DCRA for fines, suspension, or revocation of a license or endorsement.

- Any person who believes that a violation of these regulations, or the laws of the District of Columbia on which they are based, has occurred, may file a complaint with the Director, who shall investigate the complaint and take appropriate action.
- The Director may summon the owner of a towing business, a tow truck operator, or the owner of a towing service storage lot to appear before an administrative tribunal to respond to alleged violations of the provisions of this chapter.
- A license or endorsement issued under these regulations may be suspended or revoked by the Director for any of the following reasons:
  - (a) The application for the license or endorsement contained a false statement of a material fact, or failed to reveal a material fact which, if disclosed at the time the application for the license was filed, would have constituted just cause for denial of the application;
  - (b) Failure of the licensee to comply with the provisions of this chapter;
  - (c) Any charges for towing service or storage for public tows made in excess of the charges set forth by the Director;
  - (d) Failure of the licensee to comply with the provisions of the General License Law, D.C. Official Code §47-2851.01 (2001), et seq.;
  - (e) Engaging in, or holding oneself out as engaging in, towing services or the operation of a towing service storage lot without having current and valid licenses or endorsements, or without having the equipment, insurance, and available storage facilities required by this chapter;
  - (f) Violation of the traffic laws or regulations of the District of Columbia;
  - (g) Failure to maintain qualifications and insurance required by this chapter;
  - (h) Failure to compensate vehicle owners for damage to their vehicles caused by, or due to the negligence of, the operators of a tow truck or towing service storage lot, and failure to reasonably secure and protect a towed vehicle and property therein; or
  - (i) Failure to pay fees, taxes, fines or other monetary obligations to the Government of the District of Columbia or the Government of the United States.
- Any entity whose towing business or towing service storage lot license and endorsement has been revoked shall not be eligible to make application for a new towing business or towing service storage lot license and endorsement for a period of one (1) year from the date of revocation.
- Any person or entity adversely affected by the denial, revocation, or suspension of a tow truck license, towing business or towing service storage lot license and endorsement, or who has been fined or otherwise disciplined in accordance with the

provisions of this chapter, may file an appeal in writing with the Board of Appeals and Review of the District of Columbia or its successor.

- In addition to any other penalty prescribed by law, any violation of this chapter shall be grounds for revocation or suspension of the license issued under this chapter, either before or after conviction.
- A towing business or tow truck operator who performs towing services, and any person or entity who operates a towing service storage lot, without a license or endorsement, or with a license that has been revoked or is currently suspended, may be subject to arrest, fine and imprisonment.
- Tow truck operators shall be responsible for removing all accident debris from the roadway before towing any vehicle involved in a collision. Failure to do so shall be grounds for disciplinary action, including suspension or revocation of the tow truck license, and suspension or revocation of the towing business's license.
- The tow truck operator shall report the presence and the location of debris believed to contain hazardous materials to the DPW Towing Control Center by telephone. Failure to do so shall be grounds for disciplinary action, including fines, suspension or revocation of the tow truck license, and suspension or revocation of the towing business' license.
- Upon the request of any District government official, a towing business or a tow truck operator shall provide documentary proof of current insurance coverage in the form of an all-risk or public liability insurance policy of at least \$750,000.00. Failure to do so shall be grounds for disciplinary action, including fines, suspension or revocation of the tow truck license, and suspension or revocation of the towing business's license.
- Failure to provide a refund as described in 410.19 shall be grounds for disciplinary action, including fines, suspension or revocation of the tow truck license, and suspension or revocation of the towing business' license.
- 411.13 If the person or entity licensed under 402.3 is unable to use the towing storage lot identified in 402.3(f) for any reason during the license period, then:
  - (a) The licensee shall report this fact in writing to the Director at least ten (10) calendar days prior to the day when the towing service storage lot will become unavailable;
  - (b) The Basic Business License Endorsement for a Towing Business shall be automatically suspended by operation of law during the period that the towing service storage lot is unavailable for use by the licensee; and
  - (c) The Basic Business License Endorsement for a Towing Business may be reactivated without charge for the remainder of the license period when written evidence of the availability of a substitute towing service storage lot is supplied to the Director by the licensee and verified by the Director, or his designee.

- Instead of any criminal sanctions authorized by law, civil fines and penalties may be imposed as alternative sanctions for any infraction of these regulations.
- Adjudication of any civil infraction shall be pursuant to the Department of Consumer and Regulatory Affairs Civil Infractions Act of 1985, (DC Official Code 2-1801.01 et seq. (2001)).

## 412 LICENSING FEES

- 412.1 (a) The fee for a towing business license shall be \$775.00 per annum, payable biennially.
  - (b) The fee for a towing service storage lot license shall be \$150.00 per annum, payable biennially.
  - (c) The fee for a towing vehicle license shall be \$163.00 per annum, payable biennially.
  - (d) The fee for replacing a lost or damaged towing related license shall be \$25.00.

## 413-498 [RESERVED]

## 499 **DEFINITIONS**

When used in this chapter, the following terms and phrases shall have the meanings ascribed:

Authorized Government Official- A District government official authorized by law, regulation or Mayor's order to conduct inspections and/or enforcement actions consistent with this chapter.

**Basic Business License** – the single document designed for public display issued by the business license center that certifies District agency license approval and incorporates the endorsements for individual licenses included in the Basic Business License system.

Basic Business License Endorsement for a Towing Business – the individual license endorsement required for the conducting of a towing business in the District of Columbia.

Basic Business License Endorsement for a Towing Service Storage Lot - the individual license endorsement required for the maintenance of a towing service storage lot in the District of Columbia.

Crane service – a form of towing service which involves moving vehicles by the use of a wheel-lift device, such as a lift, crane, hoist, winch, cradle, jack, automobile ambulance, tow dolly, or any other similar device.

**Director** – the Director of the Department of Consumer and Regulatory Affairs (DCRA) of the District of Columbia, or his/her designated agent.

Extraordinary Circumstances – conditions or events that are beyond what is usual, regular, or customary and which require special towing functions or services to commence or complete a tow.

Flat-bed service — a form of towing service which involves moving vehicles by loading them onto a flat-bed or roll-back platform instead of using a crane or winch to tow a vehicle.

Normal Business Hours – the hours of 8:00 a.m. through 6:00 p.m.

Owner – the person or entity to whom a vehicle is registered, or to whom it is leased, if the terms of the lease require the lessee to maintain and repair the vehicle. The holder of a contract with a vehicle rental agency shall not be considered the owner of that vehicle.

Police officer – a sworn or reserve officer of the Metropolitan Police Department or any other law enforcement agency with authority to make arrests within, and enforce the laws of, the District of Columbia.

**Private tow** – the towing of a vehicle at the request of the owner or the authorized agent of the owner.

**Public tow** - the towing of a vehicle, other than a vehicle owned or controlled by a government entity, at the direction or arrangement of a government entity or, without the consent of the owner or operator of the vehicle, including relocations, repossessions, and tows from private real property.

Relocation – the public tow of a vehicle because it is illegally parked, or for some exigent circumstance that necessitates its removal to a nearby location, but not to a towing service storage lot.

Towing business – any person or entity that provides, or offers to provide, towing services.

**Towing control number** – a unique number issued by the Department of Public Works to identify and track a vehicle towed in the District of Columbia.

**Towing service** – any service that involves towing or otherwise moving motor vehicles by means of a tow truck.

**Towing service storage lot** – a property used to deposit and store vehicles that have been towed.

Tow truck – a motor vehicle equipped to provide either crane or flat-bed towing service.

Persons desiring to comment on these proposed regulations should submit comments in writing to Paul E. Waters, DCRA Legislative Liaison, Office of the General Counsel, Department of Consumer and Regulatory Affairs, 941 North Capitol Street, N.E., Washington, D.C. 20002, not later than thirty (30) calendar days after publication of this notice in the D.C. Register. Copies of the proposed rules can be obtained from the address listed above. A copying fee of one dollar (\$1.00) will be charged for each requested copy of the proposed rulemaking.